

Alexandria Gazette

VOLUME CVII--NO. 173.

ALEXANDRIA, VA., FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 20, 1906.

PRICE 2 CENTS.

DO YOU KNOW

That Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the only medicine sold through druggists for women's weakness and peculiar ailments that does not contain large quantities of alcohol? It is also the only medicine, especially prepared for the cure of the delicate diseases peculiar to women, the maker of which is not afraid to take his patients into his full confidence, by printing upon each bottle wrapper all the ingredients entering into the medicine. Ask your druggist if this is true.

"Favorite Prescription," too, is the only medicine for women, all the ingredients of which have the unqualified endorsement of the leading medical writers of the several schools of practice, recommending them for the cure of the diseases for which the "Prescription" is advised.

Write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., for a free booklet, and read the numerous extracts from standard medical authorities praising it, several ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are made, and don't forget that no other medicines put up for sale through druggists for domestic use can show any such professional endorsement. This, of itself, is of far more weight and importance than any amount of second-hand testimonials.

The "Favorite Prescription" cures all women's peculiar weaknesses and ailments, such as: backaches, bearing-down, dizziness, tenderness and dragging-down sensations in lower abdomen, accompanied by weakening and disagreeable catarrhal, pelvic drains and kindred symptoms.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets regulate and invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. One a laxative, two or three cathartic.

TO CURE ANY DISEASE.

The Cause Must be Removed, Same Way With Dandruff.

Kill the germ that causes dandruff, falling hair and skin eruptions. You will have no more dandruff, and your hair must grow luxuriantly. Nowhere's Herpicide not only contains the dandruff germ destroyer, but it is also a most delightful hair dressing for regular toilet use. No other hair preparation is on this scientific basis of destroying the dandruff germ. It stops all irritation, keeps the scalp sweet, pure and wholesome. Remember that something claimed to be "just as good," will not do the work of genuine Herpicide. Sold by leading druggists. Send 10c in stamps for sample to The Herpicide Co., Detroit, Mich.

F. S. Leadbeater & Sons, Special Agents.



For Sale By
W. E. Bain, Alex. Va.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHINGS

Summer Suits

Made to Order, Fit Guaranteed.

Prices from \$13.50 to \$30.

TROUSERS

From \$4.00 Up.

An exceptional line of large and handsome

CLOTHS

From which to select.

ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED

R. LEE FIELD,

One Price Clothier and Tailor.

No. 304 King Street.

PROPOSALS
OFFICE OF CONSTRUCTING QUARTERMASTER, U. S. Army, Fort Hunt, Va., July 7, 1906. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at the office of the Quartermaster, U. S. Army, Fort Hunt, Va., from 10 o'clock noon August 10, 1906, for the construction of a Timber Wharf and Warehouse and the dredging of a channel at Fort Hunt, Va. Information regarding plans and specifications may be obtained at this office. Plans will be furnished upon the deposit of ten dollars to insure the return of them. Envelopes containing proposals must be marked "Proposals for Wharf at Fort Hunt, Va.," and addressed to the Quartermaster, Fort Hunt, Va.

July 10, 12, 13, Aug. 8

CAMPBELL'S SOUPS—6 cases Tomato Chicken, Vegetable, Clam Chowder, and other varieties of soups just received by J. C. MILBURN.

Alexandria Gazette.

PUBLISHED DAILY AND TRI-WEEKLY AT GAZETTE BUILDING, 310 & 312 PRINCE STREET.

TERMS: Daily—1 year, \$5.00; 6 months, \$3.00; 3 months, \$1.50; 1 month, 45 cents; 1 week, 10 cents.
Tri-weekly—1 year, \$3.00; 6 months, \$1.50; 3 months, 75 cents; 1 month, 25 cents.
Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space unless the excess is paid for at transient rates, and under no circumstances will they be allowed to advertise other than their legitimate business in the space contracted for.
Marriage and death notices must be paid for in advance.
Resolutions in memoriam, of thanks, tributes of respect, resolutions adopted by societies or persons, unless of public concern, will only be printed in the paper as advertisements.
[Entered at the Postoffice at Alexandria, Virginia, as second-class matter.]

THE HARTJE DIVORCE CASE.

Following a sensational attack on the character of Augustus Hartje, in which it was alleged that he had taken two different women frequently to a questionable resort, the real sensation of yesterday in the Hartje divorce trial in Pittsburg, Pa., culminated yesterday afternoon when Judge Robert S. Frazer admitted, under bitter protest of opposing counsel, testimony relating to the charges of conspiracy against John L. Welshons, a prominent merchant; Augustus Hartje, the libellant, and Clifford Hooe, the negro coachman now in jail on perjury charges for alleged false swearing in the case.

Welshons, who was called by Mrs. Hartje's counsel, told a clear story of how the deposition was secured from Hooe. He said that Hooe then left the city, and the witness told of having given him various small sums of money at different times. This looked like blackmail, the witness said. He said he might have told Hooe that he would be sent to the penitentiary for perjury if he did not stick to the original story he told. Welshons' story, it is said, coincided closely with the statement of Hooe, relating to the case, which is in the possession of the District Attorney.

This was the first attempt during the trial to present evidence of an alleged conspiracy, which Mrs. Hartje's counsel declared was formed to defame her. Welshons is a close friend of Augustus Hartje, and is accused with Hartje and Hooe of conspiring against Mrs. Hartje.

Hooe months ago made a deposition in which he said he had been intimate with Mrs. Hartje. He afterwards repudiated it, and is now in jail on a charge of perjury. Welshons told the entire story and said that Hooe's deposition was taken in his store by Attorney Edward G. Hartje, Augustus Hartje's brother, and Attorney Andrew Fisher, Hartje's brother-in-law.

Welshons detailed how he assisted Hooe to get away from the detectives in New Jersey and of the various times that he gave Hooe money upon his demand. Welshons, however, declared that Augustus Hartje knew nothing of the fact that Welshons was paying Hooe money and that he never spoke to him about it.

Welshons adhered steadily to his story that Augustus Hartje knew nothing of the fact that he had given Hooe money, and admitted that Hartje's attorneys had told Hooe that if he was telling the truth they would prosecute him.

Welshons foiled every attempt made to show that he had conspired with Hartje to get Hooe to make the deposition. In placing Mr. Welshons on the stand, Attorney John M. Freeman for Mrs. Hartje, said that he did so to prove that an attempt had been made to tamper with witnesses.

Hartje's attorneys made a desperate effort to prevent the witness from testifying. Their protests were of no avail. Hartje's attorneys announced they would go into something of the kind also, and predicted that if that branch of the case was opened the trial would continue 10 months longer. Attorney J. Scott Ferguson, for Hartje, said that he had a letter showing that the defense had taken the deposition of a witness knowing that his testimony would be false, and that they also would show that an attempt had been made to tamper with witnesses.

EXCURSION STEAMERS COLLIDE.

Two crowded excursion steamers were in a collision last night in New York harbor off Staten Island, imperiling the lives of 1,500 persons, but neither in the crash nor in the wild panic which followed was anyone seriously injured. The vessels were the Perseus, of the Iron Steamboat Company, bound for Coney Island, with 500 passengers on board, and the Thomas Patten, of the Patten line, bound from Long Branch to New York, carrying 1,000 passengers. The shrill whistles of the colliding steamers soon brought assistance from boats in the bay and the frightened passengers were transferred as quickly as possible and carried to New York. The Perseus and the Patten interlocked and neither sank. Wrecking vessels were sent to their rescue last night.

The lower portion was covered with a dense fog at the time of the collision, and the two vessels were running at reduced speed. When directly off St. George, Staten Island, the Thomas Patten crashed with terrific force into the port side of the Perseus, smashing the paddlewheel and box and tearing away much of the joinerwork.

The Patten's bow and upper decks were badly damaged. The impact was so great that the vessels remained fast together. No effort was made by the Patten to break away, however, for it was felt that safety from sinking lay in the vessels remaining interlocked.

When the Patten loomed suddenly out of the fog bank and it was seen that a collision had occurred.

Try a little KODAL FOR DYSPEPSIA after your meals. Many stomachs are overworked to the point where they refuse to give constructive rest to the system, while its constructive properties get the stomach back into working order. Kodol relieves flatulence, sour stomach, palpitation of the heart, belching, etc. Sold by W. F. Orlington & Co., 401 King Street.

Beautify the Complexion

IN TEN DAYS
Nadinola
THE UNEQUALLED
BEAUTIFIER, guaranteed to remove freckles, pimples, all facial blemishes, and restore the beauty of youth.

The worst cases in twenty days. 50c, and \$1.00 at all leading drug stores, or by mail, shipped by NATIONAL TOILET CO., Philadelphia.

collision was unavoidable, the passengers on the two vessels became frantic with fear. Just before the crash one man on the Perseus jumped overboard. He was quickly rescued, however. The crews of the two vessels were summoned to quarters and then the captains and officers went among the passengers in an effort to restore quiet. A busy examination indicated that neither boat was in immediate danger of going down and the excursionists were assured of this fact.

Meantime the whistles were calling for assistance, and while the passengers were rushing about the decks seeking relatives and friends the excursion boat Commodore and a Staten Island municipal ferry boat ranged alongside. The transfer of passengers was quickly made, and all were carried to New York. During the panic many women fainted and some were bruised, but not seriously.

One of the passengers who landed from the Perseus declared that he had seen two men jump overboard and he thought both were drowned. There was no confirmation of this, however. A boat was quickly lowered from the Coney Island steamer and picked up the one man who did jump into the water.

Efforts were being made late last night to tow the disabled vessels toward Brooklyn.

WAR ON COCAINE.

The efforts of the Richmond police to break up the sale of cocaine powders had an encouraging development Wednesday night, when officers captured seller and purchaser in the act of exchanging the goods for the money, and as well a large package of the powders in small envelopes. The most interesting discovery of all was the address of the supplier, Baltimore, Md., druggist. The conspiracy, particularly among the negroes, in Richmond on account of the habitual taking of cocaine is deplorable, and, notwithstanding the strict law against its sale and the vigilance exercised over drug stores, the practice has rapidly increased, and the police have been unable to discover the source of supply.

Mortimer True, a white man, was caught a few weeks ago by some clever police work selling cocaine in the market place, and is now serving a sentence of one year in jail for the offense. The offender captured Wednesday night was taken by two detectives who were hid in the shadows of a dark alley, and proved to be James H.H. colored, recently under arrest for indulgence in the drug himself. Hill was fined \$100 in the Police Court yesterday morning, and sent to jail for 12 months in default of \$300 bond.

As a result of the activities of the Norfolk police in running down all persons in the city doing an illicit traffic in cocaine druggist Richmond, of east Main street, has fled to parts unknown, and J. Lee Seneca, a Church street druggist, will have answer for four charges of illegally selling the drug. The police have been on the lookout for Richmond for several days. Chief of Police Boush thinks that he is the principal offender in selling the drug. A warrant is out for Richmond. Pitiable wrecks of the cocaine habit will testify in the hearing of the charges against Seneca, and also against Richmond, should he be caught.

Beats The Music Cure.
"To keep the body in tune," writes Mrs. Mary Brown, 20 Lafayette Place, Foughkeepsie, N. Y., "I take Dr. King's New Life Pills. They are the most reliable and pleasant laxative I have found. Best for the Stomach, Liver and Bowels. Guaranteed by E. S. Leadbeater and Sons' druggists, 26c.

FOR OVER SIXTY YEARS.
AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over sixty years by millions of mothers for their children's colic, teething, and all the little ailments, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhea, is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and take Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other kind.



Free Trial
Glascock's Baby-Jumper.

Physicians praise its usefulness and recommend it to be harmless, safe and comfortable for the baby.

Thirty eminent physicians have recommended it to be harmless, safe and comfortable for the baby.

Handfuls of letters of approval from mothers that are using them.

Price, \$4.50

SOLE AGENTS,
M. RUBEN & SONS,
401 KING STREET.

Summer Clearing Sale.

LAWNS AND ORGANDIES.

10c goods at 5c. 10c. 10c goods at 5c. 6c.
Best Percales, 36 inches wide, 10c. Remnants, 40 inches wide, India Linen, worth 12 1/2c to 16c, at 10c.
The best 36 inch wide Unbleached Cotton you have bought for two years, 5c. Madras Glaghams, worth 10 to 12 1/2c, 8c.

Sweeping Reductions in White Madras.

Linen French Suiting, reduced from 10c to 7c. August Home Journal Patterns now in. Call for Style Book.

A. C. Slaymaker,

429 KING STREET.

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Our Big July Clearing Sale Is On.

It's to be a clearance, not at the end of the season, but practically at its beginning. It's literally throwing money away if you miss it. Note the following leading specials:

One lot Wool-mixed Dress Goods sold for 12 1/2c, for 5c yard.
One lot Fancy Wash Silks, fancy Taffeta Silks, sold for 60c, 75c and \$1, at 10c yard.
One lot Fancy Mixed Dress Goods, sold for 25c, at 12 1/2c yard.
One lot Cotton Vests, sold for 12 1/2c, at 6c yard.
One lot Fancy Organdies and Lawns, sold for 12 1/2c, at 5c yard.
One lot Cannon Cloths (slightly imperfect) sold for 10c, at 5c yard.
Small lot yard wide Percales, 10c values, at 5c yard.
One lot India Linens, 8c values, at 5c yard.
50 pieces bookfold Sheer Persian Lawns, 15c values, at 10c yard.
50 pieces Stripes and Check Nainsooks, worth 30c, for 6c yard.
100 Bleached Cotton, yard wide, in this sale for 7c yard.
One lot 40-inch Unbleached Cotton, 10c values, at 7 1/2c yard.
50 pieces light Shirting Prints 3 1/2c yard.
Bony Bathing Trunks, 9c pair.
12 1/2c Colored Organdies at 8c yard.
One lot White Madras and Piques, 18c values, at 10c yard.
White Bed Spreads, 60c values, at 40c.
White Dimity Spreads, \$1.50 values, at 90c.
One lot Ladies' Cambric Corset Covers, 11c.
25 dozen Ladies' Muslin Drawers, 15c pair.
Ladies' Muslin Skirts, embroidery and lace trimmed, at 40c.
Ladies' Muslin Gowns, 50c values, at 40c.
Ladies' Cloth Dress Skirts (25 samples) worth \$1.50, at 90c.
Ladies' White Dress Skirts, sold for \$1.25, at 80c.
Ladies' Shirt-waist Suits, madras and percales, \$1.98 per suit.
Ladies' India Linen Suits, were \$4, reduced to \$2.98.
One lot Ladies' White Shirt Waists for 25c.
"Peter Pan" Shirt Waists reduced to 50c.
All \$1 to \$1.50 Ladies' White Waists reduced to 50c.
One lot embroideries and German Val. Lace for 50c yard.
One lot Torchon and Point d'esprit Laces at 50c yard.
One lot wide Swiss Band Insertings, 50c values, for 25c yard.
One lot Embroidered Turn-over Collars and Jet Black Collars at 50c.
"Fruit Salad" 7" Point Leather Belts, 9c.
Ladies' 25c Neckwear reduced to 15c.
Val. Laces 12 yards for 12c.
50 pieces White Swiss Organdies, 18c values, for 10c yard.
One lot Ladies' and Children's Gause Vests, sold for 25c, at 10c.
Odd lot Corsets, 50c to 1 1/2c values, for 25c.
One lot Summer Corsets, 50c values, for 25c.
25c Infants' Caps for 15c.
One lot 10c and 15c Bings for 5c piece.
One lot Pearl Buttons, 3c dozen.
Two lots Children's Parasols, 10c and 15c; worth double.
50c All-over Tuckings, 25c yard.
Men's Negligee Shirts, elegant values, for 25c.
Men's Fine Gause Socks, 9c pair.

D. Bendheim & Sons

316 King Street.

EDUCATIONAL

State Female Normal School.

Twenty-second Session begins September 5th. For catalogue and information concerning State Scholarships, write to J. L. JARMAN, President, 1712 cotsepi Farmville, Va.

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL,

NEAR ALEXANDRIA, VA.

For Boys. Opens Sept. 26, 1906.

Catalogue on application.

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University of Virginia.

Head of State Public School System, Letters Science, Law, Medicine, Engineering. \$10 COVERS ALL COSTS.

To Virginia students of free and tuition in either of the academic departments; lowest charges in the South. Next session begins September 10. Send for catalogue.

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UNIVERSITY COLLEGE OF MEDICINE

STUART MCGUIRE, M.D., President.

The College conforms to the standards fixed by law for Medical Education. Best for the student. Faculty of the highest caliber. MEDICINE—PHYSIOLOGY—PHARMACOLOGY.

Genuine ARABIAN MOCHA COFFEE just received by J. C. MILBURN.

Choice Large MACKEREL for sale at 20c each by J. C. MILBURN.

Genuine PORTO RICO MOLASSES just received by J. C. MILBURN.

FANCY LEMONS just received by J. C. MILBURN.

FIVE CENTS—Fine Granulated Sugar for sale at 5c cents by J. C. MILBURN.

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WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

AND NOTION DEALERS.

A FULL AND COMPLETE LINE. PROMPT DELIVERY AND PRICES GUARANTEED.

NO. 110 KING STREET.

Commercial Department.

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JUDGE C. E. NICOL, President.

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We invite the young, the ladies, the workingmen, in fact all who desire to save some money to call and discuss with us the SAVINGS feature. However small your deposit may be act TODAY.

Alexandria National Bank,

CORNER OF KING AND ROYAL STREETS.

CHAS. B. MOOFF, President.

THOS. W. WHITE, Cashier.

G. E. WARFIELD, Asst. Cashier.

JAS. F. MUIR, Vice President.

J. J. GREEN, Asst. Cashier.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

OF ALEXANDRIA, VA.

United States Depository.

Capital \$100,000.

Undivided Profits, \$110,000.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

It has always been the object of this bank to meet the desires and demands of its patrons.

With this in view, we have this day opened a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, receiving deposits of large and small amounts, on which we pay a liberal rate of interest, such deposits being subject to rules consistent with conservative banking.

We would invite an interview with any who may wish to avail themselves of this department.

ESTABLISHED 1852.

Burke & Herbert,

BANKERS,

Have opened a savings department in which a liberal rate of interest is allowed subject to conservative rules.

We invite correspondence or a personal call from anyone desiring to open such an account.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

(ESTABLISHED 1822.)

HENRY K. FIELD & CO.

Successors to

JOSEPH H. D. SMOOT.

Lumber and Mill Work

OF ALL KINDS.

Lime, Cement and Plaster

Office and Yard 115 N. Union street.

Factory No. 111 N. Lee street.



FRIDAY EVENING, JULY 20, 1906.

It is reported that the Russian imperial commission which was appointed to inquire into the circumstances of the fall of Port Arthur has recommended that General Stoessel be put to death and that General Fock be dismissed from the army and undergo a year's hard labor. It is further recommended, in an addendum to the report, that the former Viceroy of the far East, Admiral Alexieff, who at one time ranked second to only the Czar himself, and who, above all other men, was responsible for the war with Japan, "be reprimanded." Some Russians declare with the utmost positiveness that Stoessel was in a "blue funk" for weeks preceding the surrender of Port Arthur, and that he ultimately surrendered against the advice and wishes of the other officers, and when it would have been easy for the garrison to hold out for weeks, and perhaps months, longer. It is believed by many that a longer resistance might have had an important bearing upon the progress of the war. Oyama might not have been able to sweep Kuropatkin and Linovich backward through Manchuria as he did had the Japanese army not been reinforced by Nogai's seasoned veterans from Port Arthur, and it might have been far more difficult for Togo to deal with Rojstvensky if he had been compelled at the same time to guard the entrance to Port Arthur. These are the considerations which give its gravity to the conduct of General Stoessel. Others take different views of the matter and say if the further defence of Port Arthur was impossible, and the alternative was to surrender or be stormed, it would seem to be a great hardship for General Stoessel to be condemned for capitulation. When a garrison is depleted in numbers and out of food and ammunition, when its defenses are broken down and there is no succor in sight or to be hoped for, and when an irresistible enemy is overwhelming force declares, "I propose to move immediately upon your works," it would seem to be not so much heroic as melodramatic to insist upon "dying in the last ditch."

The stabbing of Conrad Schirmer by his nineteen-year-old son while the latter was at the house of a young lady in New York last Tuesday may result fatally. According to the published account of the occurrence, the father attempted to chastise his son before the young lady and during the scuffle the son was stabbed by the boy, who used a piece of glass. The elder Schirmer is represented to be a stern family disciplinarian, one who seemed to lose sight of the fact that his son was no longer a child but was approaching manhood, and that while he was in the company of a respectable young woman he was in no worse place. The good book directs children to obey their parents, but it also tells the latter not to provoke their offspring to anger. It was an unfortunate affair and should cause all who have the responsibility of a family upon their shoulders to act with moderation.

MAJOR ROBERT W. HUNTER, Secretary of the Virginia Military Records, has addressed circulars to the newspapers of the State and to representative people generally calling attention to the importance of having the muster rolls of commands which served in the Confederate service during the civil war properly recorded, among archives of cities and towns. An act of the General Assembly of February 9, 1898, provides that this shall be done upon the application of three ex-Confederate soldiers. Major Hunter earnestly urges upon those in positions to do so to make application at once to have such muster rolls recorded. Its importance is apparent and should appeal to all especially to those who were the grey.

THE COMMITTEE of the British House of Lords on juvenile smoking has reported in favor of legislation on the lines of Sir Ralph Little's bill in the House of Commons, providing a penalty for selling cigarettes to a child under 16 years of age, imposing a penalty on a child found in possession of cigarettes or smoking tobacco and authorizing the police, schoolmasters and park keepers to stop youths from smoking and to confiscate their tobacco. State and municipal legislation has been invoked in the United States in order to check this evil, but it seems to be growing all the time. Boys in every city in the land are becoming wedded to the cigarette habit and many pay the penalty of their course before they reach manhood.

A DISPATCH from Paris published in yesterday's Gazette shows that Germany and Austria are anxious for an excuse to invade Russian Poland during the present troubles in the Czar's realm. The unhappy country years ago was divided into three equal parts by a royal trio—Russia, Germany and Austria. The two last named pretend that their mission was in the interest of the Czar,

but that either would spend time and money in helping Russia to keep down revolutionists for no other purpose than to show friendship for a brother sovereign may be questioned. It is more than likely that they are gleaning into the future and that their real object is to profit by the Czar's coming misfortunes.

By DECREE of the New Jersey State Court of Pardons, which held a session in the Governor's cottage at Sea Girt, N. J., Wednesday, William McQueen, the anarchist, will remain in the State prison to the end of his term of five years for inciting labor riots in Paterson. McQueen's case was urged by Rev. Alfred W. Wishart, of Trenton, who had become interested in him and who presented petitions and letters in his behalf. He wanted him paroled but the Court could not see it that way and turned down the petitions. The court's decision will be affirmed by most people, especially those believing in the maintenance of law and order, and if preachers would confine their labor to fields into which they are called and allow the authorities to attend to their own business flocks would be better fed.

A TRENTON, N. J., man has been granted a divorce from his wife, the only reason for the disagreement of the pair being that the woman "had a dislike for married life and housekeeping and was lacking in affection for her husband." She had left him three times and that was the limit.

A NEW YORK judge has sentenced an auto driver who ran over a man and his wife to two months in the penitentiary. The next case of the same kind he has before him should sentence the offender to be hanged.

From Washington.

(Continued from the Alexandria Gazette.) Washington, July 20.

With the contracts for convict labor in penal institutions monopolized by a few companies, the Bureau of Labor of the Department of Commerce and Labor, which has just completed a third investigation of convict labor, after a ten year period, finds that the competition of this class of goods with the product of free labor assumes a more serious aspect. It would appear that the bureau puts considerable faith in the complaint of the manufacturers employing free labor that such competition is ruinous and unfair, demoralizing to markets and business stability, compelling the reduction of prices below a fair margin of profit and often even below the cost of production. "Wages are forced to the lowest limit," reads the report on the investigation, "in a vain effort to lower the cost of production to that of the prison contractor. In some cases a deterioration of quality of material used and in others an entire abandonment to the prisons of the manufacture of certain grades of goods has become necessary. Prison made furniture, for instance, is pointed out, has compelled the abandonment to the prison of some lines. One contractor controls the output of seven prisons in five States and he is able to greatly undersell his competitors making the same line of goods. Manufacturers of the same grade of brushes as are made in prisons, it was found, must sell at cost and rely for their profit on better grades. The consumer who buys the better brush is thus compelled to pay a profit which the consumer of the poorer brush should have paid. Similar experiences were found in the manufacture of brooms.

Through Consul F. W. Mahin, of Nottingham, England, the report has reached the State Department that every good product with "Chicago" marked on it is boycotted, at least in certain parts of England. Mr. Mahin speaks only for Nottingham. He secured his information about the boycott from a large firm dealing in the goods. There is now absolutely no call for canned meats, either American, domestic, or colonial, the dealers told the consul. Sales of canned salmon have much declined also. Sales of American fresh beef from Chicago houses show no decline, Mr. Mahin says, but an increase, if anything. Similar reports are made on American canned fruits and vegetables. In concluding his report to the Department, Mr. Mahin predicts that probably some of the causes of the meat trade of the United States with Great Britain will be permanently lost. Representatives of the colonies are making the most of the opportunity to exploit their own canned products, he adds. Along this line Mr. Mahin calls attention to the remarkable gain Canada has made on the export of bacon to England as one that should have the attention of American exporters of that article.

Special inducements are being held out by the government in order to procure clerks for the Philippine service. The employment bureau, known as the Civil Service Commission, has just announced that the wives or sweethearts of applicants for such positions may also be examined for positions as teachers. As a rule, the government frowns upon the practice of more than one member of a family serving the government. In many of the bureaus in Washington, women who have married government clerks since obtaining their positions have been compelled to resign their positions on the official payroll in order to keep from being ousted. Not so in the Philippines, however. The government has found it exceedingly difficult to fill the available positions in the clerical force at Manila, and other Philippine towns. Hence the official invitation, issued today, according to the terms of which women whose husbands or fiancés are taking examination for the service, will be preferred over all others in filling vacancies in the staff of teachers, if they pass the required tests. Salaries of Philippine clerks are \$1,200 a year at the start, but, says the commission, "in case unusual or exceptional qualifications are shown, the entrance salary may be more." Teachers are paid from \$800 up.

The Civil Service Commission announces that the United States Government stands ready to pay the handsome emolument of \$1,000 a year to the man who can speak fluently Greek, Bulgarian and Pyrian, and in addition has a working knowledge of Roumanian, Yiddish and Portuguese. Such a linguistic

marvel is wanted as interpreter in the immigration service at Boston.

The headquarters of the Isthmian Canal Commission in this city today received from Civil Governor Magoon of the canal zone a comparative statement of the receipts and expenditures of the municipalities of the canal zone for the first six months of 1906 and of 1905.

The statement shows that the total municipal receipts for the six months ending June 30th, 1906, was \$107,357.68 as compared with \$45,812.72 during the six months' period ending June 30, 1905. The greatest item in these receipts is the money derived from liquor licenses which amount to \$42,145. The remainder came from taxes on real estate, slaughter of animals for food purposes and other taxes from rentals and fines. The municipal disbursements for the first six months of the current year were \$79,248.58 compared with \$22,252 for the same period last year. The increase in the receipts for the first six months of this year over the first six months of last year was \$62,044 and the increased expenditures \$47,956. "Conditions in the packing institutions are steadily improving," declared Secretary of Agriculture Wilson today upon his return from a tour of inspection of packing plants in the Middle West.

The District Commissioners today issued an official letter to the heads of all District Departments in which they declared that any attempt on the part of an employee to solicit financial assistance from a fellow-employee or to assess one in order to influence legislative enactment would be guilty of improper conduct, and summarily removed from office.

The Bureau of Insular Affairs has received a cablegram from the Governor General of the Philippines which says that Macario Sakay, and Francisco Carreon, self-styled President and Vice President, Filipino Republic, and other insurgents have surrendered.

The Guatemalan minister this afternoon received a cablegram from his government giving the following names of the members of the commission appointed to negotiate peace with Salvador on board the United States cruiser Marblehead: Juan Barrios, minister of foreign affairs; Antonio Jose Pinto, and Manuel Carral, secretary.

A dispatch was received today by the office of the Isthmian Canal Commission in this city announcing the election by the canal commission of Joseph Bucklin Bishop as secretary to the commission with a salary of \$10,000 a year. The Senate having failed to ratify his appointment as a member of the commission, it became necessary for him to have another job. He has, therefore, been re-appointed as secretary to the commission and will continue to receive \$10,000 a year salary for his duties as press agent and historian for the commission.

The various executive departments of the government are thoroughly confused over the amendment of the President that the eight hour law be carefully enforced by government inspectors on all labor on public works. Just how the President desires the law enforced is not known, and already the two greatest lawyers in the Cabinet are disagreeing as to the proper interpretation of the law. At least one of the great executive departments under which considerable contracts are let has written to the President for further instructions, asking for an interpretation of the phrase "public works" as contained in the eight hour law. The President's note will, it is said, cause untold confusion in the government methods of inspection. If the inspectors detailed to watch government contracts and see that the proper public works are put in all government public works are expected to report violations of the eight hour law, it will involve a careful inspection by them, at all times of the employment books of the companies having the contracts and possibly the employment of a greatly enlarged corps of government inspectors. The whole matter is still in a muddled state, which the executive departments are looking to the President to straighten out.

The Secretary of War has approved the allotment made by the Warmaster general for his construction at the various army posts from the appropriations of Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1907. The total appropriation for barracks and quarters was \$4,175,000 and for military posts \$375,000. The local law enforcement officers under the indictment recently found against it charging violation of the Sherman anti-trust act. The officers of both the American Ice Company and the Chicago-Sacramento Manufacturing Company pleaded not guilty and were given leave until September 1 to withdraw the plea and file demurrers.

Explosion in a Mine. As a result of an explosion in the Dixon mine, at Huger, in the east end of the Tug River field, near Bluefield, W. Va., last night, Wallace Mitchell and four miners, Ernest Jones, Palmer Harris and Robert Harris, brothers, and John Gilmore, are dead, and Bill Crouse and Leonard Whitehead will die from burns and shock.

The men were going on duty for the night and had started down the shaft in a bucket. They had gone about half way down when the explosion occurred. The five men first named were blown out of the bucket and fell to the bottom of the shaft, where they were later picked up. Their bodies were crushed almost to a pulp.

The explosion was caused by the men having a gasoline lamp in the bucket. While descending, the light ignited an accumulation of gas. The safety lamps are ordinarily used in entering, and it is not known why the men carried the gasoline lamp.

It is always well to have a bag of salt in the house. Sunburn, cuts, bruises, piles and boils yield to DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. Sold by W. F. DeWitt, 430, 401 King street.

News of the Day.

A whisky warehouse burned in Dundee, Scotland, yesterday, with a loss of \$1,250,000.

It is estimated at Chicago that this year's yield will be 485,000,000 bushels of winter and 285,000,000 bushels of spring wheat.

Senor Velazquez, the Dominican minister of finance, and Dr. Hollander have formulated a plan in Washington for settling the debts of San Domingo.

District Attorney Jerome delivered an address before the Georgia Bar Association yesterday in which he said Roosevelt made a spectacle of himself in criticizing the decision of a federal judge.

As a result of the hearing conducted for the purpose of granting permits for the use of the waters of Niagara, at Niagara Falls, last week, Secretary Taft announced yesterday a number of temporary permits to power companies.

The explosion of a gas engine in the cellar of the big apartment house 165 to 169 Monroe street New York yesterday started a fire and a deal of smoke, causing a panic among the tenants and sent 500 girls working in Wallace's chocolate factory, opposite scurrying to the streets. No one was seriously hurt.

At Narragansett Pier, R. I., last night Justice White of the Supreme Court of the United States, refused to aid Louis A. Gourdian, the eccentric Chicago banker, in his efforts to return to the Illinois penitentiary. He said a justice of the highest Federal court would have no more power in his case than his horse would.

Festivities in connection with the reunion of the Elks culminated at Denver yesterday in the Annual parade, which was the finest pageant that city has ever witnessed. The weather was perfect. There were in line nearly 18,000 Elks representing 24 lodges. Many magnificent floats illustrative of the cities whose lodges provided them were also in the parade.

It is understood that Governor Warfield of Maryland has signed the death warrant of William Lee, the negro convict, criminally assaulting two white women in Somerset county. If the date has been fixed the Governor is keeping it a secret. Lee cannot be hanged, under the law, until 20 days after his conviction. The earliest date for the execution possible is July 27.

An attempt was made yesterday morning at Avoca, near Wilkes Barre, Pa., to kill A. C. Howell and his family by blowing up the building in which they lived with dynamite. All escaped however, with slight injuries caused by flying glass and falling plaster. The front of the building of three stories coupled the second floor was badly wrecked, nearly all of it being blown out. The lower portion was occupied by a store. A store and house across the street were also badly damaged. The police are working on the case, but as yet have no clue.

Virginia News.

Miss Barbara E. Beavers, of Loudoun county, and Mr. Lewis A. Cockerill, of Fairfax county, were married Wednesday near Leesburg.

An effort is being made to obtain a pardon for Charles R. Fishburne, the young Roanoke banker, who murdered Dr. Frederick Lefew in that city in October, 1904.

The Rev. William O. Latane, of Westmoreland county, who is still prevented from preaching by a throat affliction, is being assisted during the summer by Mr. W. Roy Mason, a student from the Virginia Theological Seminary.

Miss Alice Meredith died at the home of her brother, Dr. J. C. Meredith, in Manassas, on Friday, July 13th, in the fifty-fourth year of her age. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John T. Meredith, who lived near Nokesville, in Prince William county.

George Rutherford, sixty-five year old, was arrested at Jonsville yesterday, charged by his thirteen-year-old daughter Lena with criminal assault upon her. Rutherford is one of the best-known citizens of Jonsville and was educated for the ministry. At a hearing yesterday he was remanded to jail to await trial in September.

Daniel P. Goodman and Lillian Harrison, a 18-year-old girl, who disappeared Sunday night, were found crouching in a milk wagon at a dairy near Newport News yesterday by Chief of Police Reynolds. The man was locked up on the charge of kidnapping, while the girl was sent to her home in East End. Goodman is a married man and has one child.

Alderman Montague, of Portsmouth, declares that the devil crab in that place is deviled under such conditions that it is amenable to health and he has secured the passage of a resolution calling upon the board of health to investigate the crab factorist hereabouts. He ascribed many cases of typhoid as much to this cause as to the bad water the city is getting.

Hamp Lang, aged twenty-three, was committed to jail at Front Royal yesterday on the charge of criminal relations with Gladie Merchant, aged thirteen years. The girl is the daughter of a farmer in the Fork district, Warren county. The prisoner is taken to Berryville for safekeeping pending the building of the new jail at Front Royal.

A dispatch from Richmond says the prospect for a republican campaign organ in Virginia is said to be bright. Postmaster Roy E. Cabell, the Slempe and others high in the councils of the party are interested. Furthermore, it is understood that the paper is pledged in advance the candidacy of Secretary Shaw for president. The business manager, it is said, will be a practicing attorney in Richmond, and the paper will, it is said, be edited by Capt. Clayton Bailey, who for the past several years has been connected with newspapers in Norfolk and Richmond.

Shocked Women by Disrobing. A man suddenly began undressing in the ladies' waiting room at the Camden, N. J., terminal early yesterday morning. Women ran screaming into the lobby house and summoned Special Officer Lloyd. At the sight of the officer the stranger attempted to jump overboard, but was prevented. At the City Hall he gave the name John McCormick, of Philadelphia, and ascribed his actions to too much drink. He was given ten days in jail.

The Market. Georgetown, July 20.—Wheat 70 7/8.

Today's Telegraphic News.

Brutal Treatment of Zulus. London, July 20.—The brutal treatment of Zulus by white soldiers during the war which has been in progress in Natal has been the subject of so much comment recently that the matter may lead to a serious altercation between the home government and Natal. Several non-conformist liberal members of parliament are demanding that the government shall take the matter up and compel the punishment of officers who have permitted the burning of kraals or native villages and the looting which it is charged has marked the fighting as well as other crimes. The Natal authorities are very sensitive of the subject and they are already declaring that if the imperial government interferes its action will stretch the loyalty of Natal to the empire dangerously near the breaking point. The worst of the matter is that the Natal government is fighting the Zulus now being minutely examined as the result of the agitation over the reported cruelties practiced upon native tribes. The charge is made that Natal really began the war at the instance of mine owners to compel the Zulus to work in the mines against their will.

Royal Arch School. Elkton, July 20.—The Valley School of Royal Arch Masonry, under the auspices of Milnes Chapter of Shenandoah, closed its session Wednesday. This was perhaps the most successful session the Valley School has ever held. The attendance was large and the sessions of the school very satisfactory.

Grand Lecturer W. J. Hubbard is one of the best instructors in the land, and his reputation lost nothing during this session of the school. Among others who did much to make this session both pleasant and profitable were Dr. B. Pennington, Standardsville; John Bratton, Covington; M. M. Jarman and John W. Tompkins, of Elkton; J. H. Price, Alexandria; Rev. H. B. Lee, Charlottesville; J. P. Milburn, Alexandria; C. C. Wilton and Ed. Conrad, Harrisonburg; B. W. McChesney, Staunton; R. H. Atkinson, Alexandria, and Rev. W. N. Tillingsworth, Washington, Va.

Messrs. O. E. Miller and T. B. Davis and Rev. J. M. Ellis were made Royal Arch Masons.

The school adjourned to meet at Elkton July 12, 1907.

Escaped from Jail. Scranton, Pa., July 20.—Two prisoners arrested here for breaking into a freight car and confined in Honesdale jail, awaiting trial, escaped from that institution last evening. Sheriff Broad, knight was absent on a horse trip, and left his wife in charge of the jail. She discovered that the prisoners had broken the door of their cell and had gone into an adjoining one. When she ordered them back to their own apartments, they grasped her and took the keys of the cell from her. They locked her in and throwing the keys away, made a rush for the main door of the jail and escaped. Mrs. Broad's screams brought two Honesdale citizens to her relief. They released her. The prisoners were in the meantime making great headway down the roadway and while passing the home of Sheriff Elton Clark called out: "Just tell them that you saw me and they will know the rest." A posse is now in pursuit of the fugitives. Deputy Sheriff Hall has offered a reward of \$25 for their capture. The prisoners hail from Middletown, N. Y.

After Ambassador Reid's Chauffeur. London, July 20.—Several members of parliament have expressed the intention of bringing up in parliament the question of the quashing of a summons against United States Ambassador Reid's chauffeur for speeding the Ambassador's automobile beyond the legal limit. Several years ago the Secretary of the British Embassy in Washington was arrested in Massachusetts for automobile speeding, and the matter was magnified into an international question. It is for the purpose of paying back America for its stand on the occasion that the question is to be brought up in parliament.

Belcherston, Mass., July 20.—The selectmen have offered a reward of \$100 for the body of Winola Mabel Goodell, the missing daughter of Postmaster Goodell, of Dwight, dead or alive. They also agreed to pay the same sum to any persons who will furnish information that will lead to the detection of the persons who murdered her, if she has been killed. The authorities incline to the belief that there has been foul play and a big white baby ribbon found in a thicket on the shore of the upper pond yesterday strengthens this view. The clump of bushes showed that there had been a fearful struggle at that point. The ground was trampled and the branches torn. The general opinion is that the girl was murdered at some point along the shores of one of the three ponds, and the body disposed of in the woods that border them.

More Popular Women. Washington, Pa., July 20.—A voting contest to determine who is the most popular young woman in Deer Lake, a small town in Greene county, ended in a first-class riot there last night, and half the male population of the place have broken heads or serious bruises.

Miss Mary Stringer, one of the contestants in the popular vote, was badly injured in the fight, in which knives, revolvers and all sorts of improvised weapons were used. Six youths are under arrest and several prominent men in the community left town to avoid arrest when they heard that warrants were to be sworn out for them. The question of popularity will probably never be determined.

Hungarian Murdered. Buffalo, N. Y., July 20.—Joseph Rogo, Hungarian, laborer, at the Lackawanna steel plant, here, was murdered last night by a bullet in the back, which was fired from the shore of the upper pond yesterday strengthens this view. The clump of bushes showed that there had been a fearful struggle at that point. The ground was trampled and the branches torn. The general opinion is that the girl was murdered at some point along the shores of one of the three ponds, and the body disposed of in the woods that border them.

County Assessor Waylaid. St. John, N. B., July 20.—Assessor of St. John County, relates the following: "I was waylaid by a complication of threat and lung troubles, bronchitis, asthma and a terrible cough, which had affected me for years, when I was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery. Relief came almost immediately, and in a short time a permanent cure resulted." No other medicine compares with it as a sure and quick cure for coughs and colds. It cures after all other remedies have failed. Every bottle guaranteed by E. S. Leachester & Sons, drug store. Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottle free.

Capital in Manufactures. A bulletin has been issued by the Census Bureau presenting figures relating to the development of the manufacturing industries in Virginia since the census of 1900. It shows that the capital invested in manufacturing in the various Virginia cities is as follows:

Richmond.....\$3,922,247
Petersburg.....2,522,214
Norfolk.....4,575,782
Roanoke.....2,656,826
Alexandria.....2,237,316
Danville.....5,115,681
Lynchburg.....4,254,159
Manchester.....2,124,281
Newport News.....22,953,343
Portsmouth.....564,015

Swidely on Wednesday, July 19, 1906, at DeLoe City, Kansas. CLIFFORD A. ROSS, son of Mr. and Mrs. Abner A. Ross, aged 21 years. Interment at Bethel cemetery, Alexandria.

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The Russian Crisis.

St. Petersburg, July 20.—All Russia is waiting to see what will be the effect of the adoption by the Douma yesterday of the address to the people contained in the report of the agrarian commission. While the appeal to the nation was toned down considerably before its publication, the action of the deputies is regarded as a direct challenge to the government. For this reason, the greatest interest is manifested by every one in knowing how the address will affect both the people and the government. A crisis seemed to have been reached in affairs. The peasant disorders and the revolutionary outbreaks are increasing. The government recently has manifested more determination to curb the growing power of the Douma.

A dispatch from Samara says that hundreds of lives were lost in the fire which destroyed the town of Syran in the government of Simbirsk and that several men suspected of incendiarism were lynched. The town is a heap of ruins. Relief supplies for the starving inhabitants of the place are being forwarded from Samara and Saratoff.

Other fires have also been reported from various sections. At Zlaty, eighty miles northwest of Simbirsk one hundred houses were burned and one hundred thousand people were camped out in the open air. At Atkarsk, fifty miles northwest of Saratoff, two hundred houses were burned.

Odesa, Russia, July 20.—The Governor General acting under instructions from St. Petersburg, has issued a special order notifying all striking workmen that unless they return to work Monday they will be exiled. Any attempt to prolong the strike existing here, the workmen are warned, will be mercilessly crushed by troops.

Man and Woman Arrested. New York, July 20.—A handsome young woman, silk-gowned, blonde, and giving evidence of good breeding, who gave her name as Elizabeth McBetty, 20 years old, of 253 west Forty-fifth street, and a man of good appearance describing himself as Alfred King, a book maker, 31 years old, living at the Hotel Cadillac, were taken into custody last night by the police, and are being held as suspicious characters. While the detective bureau is singularly reticent in regard to the prisoners, it is generally understood that they have been arrested in connection with the alleged theft of \$50,000 worth of jewelry from Mrs. Halsey Corwin, which was reported yesterday. It is expected that the prisoners will be arraigned in the Centre street police court today and that the facts in regard to the robbery will then come out. Mrs. McBetty is said to be the runaway wife of a millionaire living in Riverside, California. It is stated that she came to New York about two years ago, and has known Mrs. Corwin for about six months. King is said by the police to be the husband of May Bunker, a notorious badger woman who deserted King to become the mistress of "Big" Cleveland, a bank burglar. Mrs. McBetty and King were arraigned before Magistrate Mayo on a short affidavit, charging them with being implicated in the crime of grand larceny, which was made by Detective Sergeant O'Connor. Magistrate Mayo committed them to the Tombs, in default of \$5,000 bail each, for examination tomorrow morning. Mrs. Corwin was present in court during the proceedings.

Publishers Press Association. New York, July 20.—At a special meeting of the directors of the Publishers Press Association, held at the general offices of the association, yesterday afternoon, it was announced that E. W. Scripps and M. A. McKee had passed the question of bringing up in parliament the question of the quashing of a summons against United States Ambassador Reid's chauffeur for speeding the Ambassador's automobile beyond the legal limit. Several years ago the Secretary of the British Embassy in Washington was arrested in Massachusetts for automobile speeding, and the matter was magnified into an international question. It is for the purpose of paying back America for its stand on the occasion that the question is to be brought up in parliament.

Will Ride on Locomotive Cylinder. Fort Wayne, Ind., July 20.—Gibson E. Sisco, a young foreman of locomotives in the Pennsylvania shops, is today to make the ride of an engine on the cylinder of a locomotive. He will sit in a protected chair over the left cylinder to compare the action of the different forms of steam feeders in the cylinder. The ride will be for 100 miles on three different engines and will be the first test on engines of a fast type.

On the Way Home. Paris, July 20.—The Hamburg-American line steamer America which sails this evening will carry as a passenger, the oil magnate, John D. Rockefeller, the oil magnate, and John Rockefeller occupied a private car attached to the special steamer train. Members of his family and his physician accompanied him. Mr. Rockefeller declined to make any comment upon the legal proceedings awaiting his arrival.

Attempted Murder and Suicide. Albany, N. Y., July 20.—George B. Jordan, a New York Central brakeman, tried to shoot a bullet last night, and failing to do so, sent a bullet through his own head. He died within an hour. Apparently there was no motive for the deed.

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DRY GOOD

